

LP Gustave Eiffel Reims Newsletter

It comes a bit late but we'd like to tell you about two traditions around Christmas

In some families, they open presents on the 24th at midnight and in other families, they open them up on the morning of the 25th. We eat « foie gras » and smoked salmon as a starter, after that we eat snails and turkey with chestnuts . We eat cheese (camembert, goat cheese, Comté, and Morbier). For the dessert, we eat « bûches » . In France, we sometimes drink Christmas beer. Christmas is a family celebration and a chance to see people you haven't seen for a long time.



In France, we have a tradition called: Epiphany . On that day, we eat a «Galette des Rois» . It is made with puff pastry and Almond filling . Inside Galette des Rois there is a small character . The person who finds the character becomes the King . With this tradition, we celebrate the visit of the wise men to Baby Jesus in the manger .

And now time to do some sport ;-)

My name is Lamine. I'm 16 years old. I'm student in Gustave Eiffel.

I'm referee in the Marne district. I also play in the field as a player because I really like football and futsal.

The rules of futsal are :

- to play at five players in the field. (One goalie and four players in the field.)
- the time of the match is twelve minutes.
- in the match there are two referees.
- we play futsal in a gymnasium.



QUESTION TIME : What is a typical breakfast in your country ?

TELL US PLEASE !



January, 28th 2019



SPEAKER

I.T.I.S: Luigi Trafelli III C High School



ANDREA BOCELLI

Born on 22nd September 1958 in Lajatico (Pisa), Andrea Bocelli grew up on the family farm in the Tuscan countryside. At the age of six he was already struggling with the difficult study of the piano, on which his little hands flew willingly and fluently. Not content with it, he also started playing the flute and the saxophone, constantly in search of a deeper expression of music. Little Andrea still did not suspect that this expression would then come from voice, ultimately the most intimate and personal instrument.

When he began to sing, his "appeal" was immediately perceptible, as testified by his relatives, who were literally enraptured by his imprompt, but soon demanded performances.

Unfortunately, at the age of 12 he was struck by a glaucoma, which made him blind; in spite of that, he attended high school, carrying on his studies with quite a lot of difficulties .

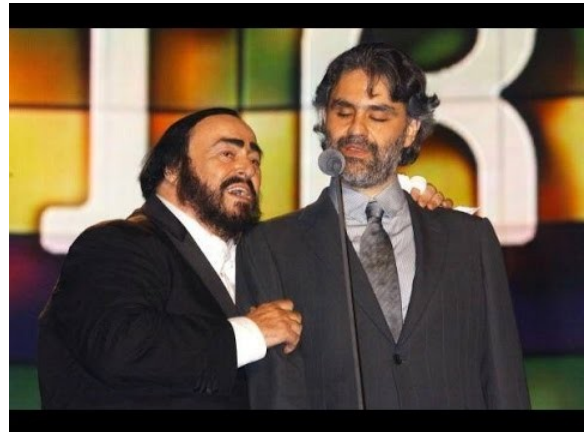


After high school, he started university in Pisa, where he graduated in law, and at the same time he continued his singing studies. Indeed, so serious was his commitment that he ended up taking lessons from a sacred monster of the twentieth century, that Franco Corelli who is the tenor idol of many Opera lovers. However, living on music is almost impossible nowadays, so every now and then Bocelli performed at the more prosaic piano-bar.

It is in this period that he meets Enrica, who will become his wife and who will give him two children: Amos and Matteo. The love story between the two unfortunately seems to have come to an end recently and the singer's statements about the problem of divorce and his children have become known.

Returning to music, he "officially" started his career as a singer by chance. He took part in an audition the already famous singer Zucchero held in 1992 for "Miserere", that had been written for Luciano Pavarotti, the wonderful tenor from Modena. And here is the "coup de theatre": when Pavarotti listened to the recording, he commented: "Thanks for the wonderful song, but let Andrea sing it, no one is more suitable than him."

Andrea Bocelli and Luciano Pavarotti



As you know, Luciano Pavarotti recorded the song, but in Zucchero's European tour, it was up to Andrea Bocelli to take his place on the stage. Shortly thereafter, in 1993, he began his recording career by signing a contract with Caterina Caselli, the owner of the "Sugar". Caselli relied on him and in order to reach a wider audience she enrolled him to the Sanremo Festival where he passed the qualifying round singing "Miserere", and eventually won the "New Proposals" category.

In 1994 he was invited to participate in the Sanremo Festival among the Big with "The calm sea of the evening", and got a record score. His first album (which bears the title of the song) confirms his rapidly growing popularity: in a few weeks he got his first platinum album. Back to Sanremo the following year with "With you I'll leave", included in the album "Bocelli", he managed to get a double platinum.

In the same year, during a European tour ("Night of the Proms"), in which Bryan Ferry, Al Jarreau and other great performers took part, Bocelli sang in front of 500,000 people and tens of millions of viewers.

He immediately gained world-wide success. The singles "With you I will leave" (and the English version "Time to say goodbye") broke records in sales in many countries, while the albums were awarded prizes all over Europe.



In France the single remained at the top of the charts for six weeks, winning three gold records; in Belgium it was number one for 12 weeks: the greatest success of all times. The album "Bocelli" got four platinum records in Germany (almost 2 million copies sold), four in the Netherlands and two in Italy.

However, it was the following album, "Romanza", to achieve incredible international success in 1996. Only a few weeks later, the cd was already a platinum record in almost all the countries in which it was released, and the international press acknowledged to the Tuscan tenor a popularity worthy of Enrico Caruso.

But on the thrust of the rising phenomenon, Bocelli had already offered his tribute to the tradition of the Italian tenor in 1995 by publishing the so-called "Italian Journey", inspired to the emigrants and the artists who made the Italian opera popular in the world. So, in 1998, with the international debut of the classical album "Aria", he found himself at the top of the charts of classical music and also climbing the international pop music. His next "Dream" performed as well.

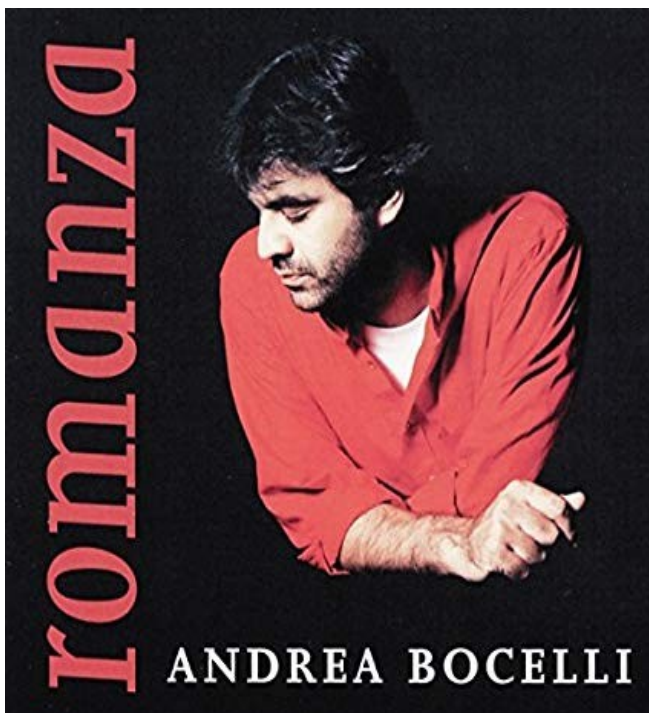


Meanwhile, during his tours he also received proposals for operas, an ambition he cultivated since his childhood that he finally managed to achieve.

One of his most beautiful works is the fearsome "Tosca" by Giacomo Puccini, a masterpiece that the reserved Tuscan singer performs with class and a taste for fine phrasing. In 2004 he released an album entitled "Andrea" containing songs written, among others, by Maurizio Costanzo, Lucio

Dalla and Enrique Iglesias.

Later, he alternated live records to studio ones, and also performed beautifully in the field of classical music, up to the collection of Christmas melodies in the 2009, entitled "My Christmas".



Cover of Andrea Bocelli's album



"My Christmas" trophie

OTRANTO EXPEDITION

Alfonso, the king of Aragon and Naples, followed a hostile policy against the Ottoman Empire in order to establish a great empire in the Mediterranean; he helped İskender Bey in Albania and wanted to keep the Turks away from the Adriatic coast. His son Ferdinando I who ascended the throne continued his politics. After the receipt of Eğriboz island Ferdinando I entered the crusader alliance against the Ottomans. Although the Ottoman Empire made peace with Venice (1479) he did not agree with the kingdom of Naples. Fatih acted against the kingdom of Naples. Leonardo, the gentleman of Zenta, Kefolonia and Ayamavro Islands, who were tax-free to the Ottoman Empire, waged war against the kingdom of Naples without the permission of the Ottoman Empire, as he married a girl from the relatives of the King of Naples and it was decided to take Southern Italy. This time the Venetians were encouraged by the Ottoman Empire. Gedik Ahmed Pasha took the troops to Otranto Port and Otranto (11 August 1480). Gedik Ahmed Pasha, while occupying the other castle near Otranto Fatih died; his son 2. Beyazid called Gedik Ahmed Pasha back. Then Gedik Ahmed Pasha left Italy. With the help of the Hungarian king Matyas Corvinus Ferdinando I recaptured the castle and Otranto that the Turks had



The Space Station Of China Fell Down To The Earth

China has been trying to build their own space station. The first module that its size is like a bus was sent to space successfully. However, the space station named Tiangong-1 was lost. After that, it fell down in the Pacific Ocean on April 2018 as it was expected. Although this event was seemed like a failure for China, it was the country that sent most craft into the space in 2018. (İclal Kevser

**TIANGONG-1
SPACECRAFT TO
CRASH INTO EARTH**

